plants in California. It was revealed in the San Francisco Chronicle on Sunday, with interviews with some of their plant operators, that the plant operators were linked by telephone to their commodity trader speculators and the commodity trader speculators watched the charts and when the price of energy went up, they said crank up the plants. When the price of energy went down, they said crank down those plants. They did this on as frequently as 10-minute increments.

That destroys the plants, obviously does not provide reliability or keep the lights on for the people in California and the Western United States, but it is incredibly profitable; 1,800 percent runup in profits in one year. But there is no manipulation.

The hear no evil, see no evil, speak no evil folks at the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission appointed by President George Bush, Mr. Hebert, the chairman; the Secretary of Energy; the vice president of the United States, they do not think there is any market manipulation or profiteering or price gouging going on here. It is normal for a company to increase its profits by manipulating the market and driving up its profits 1,800 percent one year.

Now today in the Los Angeles Times, closer to the gentleman who preceded me, we have, "Executive tells FERC Hearing of Collusion on Natural Gas." Natural gas produced in Texas, El Paso Natural Gas, bought the pipeline capacity to ship gas between Texas and California. It is used for electricity generation and to heat homes and run businesses. Guess what? They bought the capacity but they did not use it, and they would not let anybody else use it so they could drive up the price of energy.

There is extraordinary, unbelievable market manipulation, price gouging, going on in the Western United States, which is imperiling the entire economy of the Western U.S., not just California. The Pacific Northwest is at risk, too. We are having a drought and we are paying more in the wholesale energy market than are Californians because of these manipulated prices, because of this unbelievable profitering.

What is the response from the Bush administration? Drill ANWR. Well, we do not use oil to generate electricity. I have said that to the vice president. That does not matter. They want to drill ANWR. Their bosses, Enron, Exxon, Chevron, Reliant, El Paso Natural Gas and others, they want something here. Let us manipulate this. Let us pretend the crisis is caused by, as the gentleman before me said, the environmental rules, and let us pretend that they are not obscenely manipulating the market and profiteering. Blame someone other than those really responsible.

That is the agenda of this administration. That is the agenda of their energy policy, and I do not believe that it is going to sell with the American peo-

ple, and I certainly hope it does not sell here in Congress.

LACK OF PLANNING AND NO DO-MESTIC ENERGY POLICY HAS LED TO THE ENERGY CRISIS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Georgia (Mr. COLLINS) is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. COLLINS. Madam Speaker, I could not help but get a little bristle on the back of my neck sitting in my office listening to all of the rhetoric that is being said here on the floor this morning.

The complaints about the marketplace, the complaints about charges, the cost of goods based on supply and demand in the marketplace and, yes, the prices are too high. It is costing too much for families to pull up to the gas pump for the purpose of either commuting to work, visiting family or taking a vacation.

Why is it like this? It is because of the lack of planning and having a domestic energy policy for this Nation.

The previous administration avoided the issue, stayed away from the issue, did not want to address it, and over the last few years we have become more and more dependent on foreign oil, and that is wrong. But it is not only just the oil. We cannot even handle the refinery of oil for gasoline and fuel and other products.

What we do not hear them talk about is the price that Congress charges for gasoline and fuel, and the gentleman from Ohio (Mr. Traficant) is well aware of this. Yes, we charge, we the Congress of the United States, charge for every gallon of gasoline and diesel fuel that is used in this Nation. Eighteen cents a gallon for gasoline; 24 cents a gallon for diesel fuel, fuel that is used to transport products all over this Nation that we each buy as a consumer.

People do not think that adds to the price of those products?

□ 1030

We charge 4.3 cents a gallon for aviation fuel. You do not think that does not add to the price of an airline ticket? 4.3 cents to the railroads. You do not think that does not add to the product they carry? 4.3 cents for barge service. You do not think that does not add to the price of the product that they carry? It does. But you do not hear anything about that from this well. But those are charges that are administered by the Congress of the United States.

But, you know, there are a couple of good things about that though. We all pay that same rate, and those rates and those prices and those funds that come into the Congress are used for transportation products, for infrastructure, highways, bridges, things that we need, must have.

Of course, we have a few environmental laws that prevent us oftentimes from putting in the projects that are needed so we can commute without sitting in long lines. We all experience that. But we pay the same price for those things, and the funds are put to good use.

You do not hear them talking about the overcharge that we are levying on every working person that is in this country to operate this government, and we have different charges to operate this government. You and I can pull up to the gas pump, we will pay the same price. You and I can go into the same store, buy a like item, we will pay the same price for it. Anyplace in the marketplace that we go together, stand side-by-side and buy the same product, we will pay practically the same price for it, no matter who you are, what income level you are at.

But when it comes to paying for the operation of government, it is different, much different. We do not have the same price. In fact, we charge five different prices to individuals to operate this government; five prices. Yes, five prices we charge working people across this country to operate their government. Those five prices are the five marginal tax rates based on income.

They talk about the rich. Yes, the rich make a lot of money. But they pay a lot of tax too. A low income person, \$30,000, \$45,000 a year, they pay 15 percent. They are in that 15 percent bracket. That is a lot of money too. But it goes from 15 to 28, to 31, to 36, to 39.6 percent, based on the levels of income. Is anything fair about charging five different prices for the operation of government?

You never hear anything about that. I do not think it is fair. That is what we are trying to address with the tax bill in the conference that is going on today, is to reduce the charge that we charge for operation of government and try to make it a little more fair. Five prices to operate the government, charged by the Congress of the United States.

HISTORIC TAX RELIEF

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mrs. BIGGERT). Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Indiana (Mr. PENCE) is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. PENCE. Madam Speaker, today we stand on the brink of an awesome opportunity, the opportunity to lift the burden of taxes off families, small businesses and family farms, the opportunity to pass the largest tax cut package in over 20 years. We have a moral obligation to act on this opportunity and remove Uncle Sam's hand out of the pockets of hard-working men and women.

Under the current tax system, Madam Speaker, the average dual-earner family will pay more than \$26,000 in taxes to the government. This equals out to be the first five months of their annual salary. This is more than the family will spend on food, clothing and shelter combined.